Amnesty International's Response to Canadian Refugee Policy: Evaluations and Recommendations

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The current evaluation of the Canadian Section of Amnesty International regarding Canadian refugee policy leads us to three basic conclusions:

1) the nature and scale of the refugee question in Canada is seriously misunderstood and badly misrepresented;
2) consequentely, the response of the Canadian government is inappropriate and excessive in terms of restrictive and deterrent policies; and
3) there is a real risk of the abandonment of humanitarian values and commitments established over recent decades and codified in international conventions.

The restrictive nature of current policies prevents access by refugee claimants, notably from Third World States, to Canadian refugee determination procedures. Within this context, the inaccessibility of the appeal procedure means that the proposed determination process is seriously flawed. Of particular concern more recently are the increased uses of detention and bad representation; an oral hearing on the merits of each claim; and an accessible appeal procedure that can deal with the merits of the claim as well as any legal questions. The UNHCR must be given a meaningful role in this process. All decision-making should be completely independent of immigration and political considerations.

Canada must abandon the imposition of fines on airline companies and the introduction of required travel visas aimed exclusively to prevent people leaving their own country to seek asylum. Such principles are contrary to international legal principles and are probably futile anyway. They distract from the better policy option of planned consultation with countries in the region where an upsurge of violence or atrocity causes unexpected forced migration movements, potentially to Canada.

The UN General Assembly, at its 41st session in December, 1986, promulgated Resolution 41/70 on International Cooperation to Avert New Flows of Refugees. An international consensus followed the adoption of this resolution. Canada should take the lead in setting into motion the difficult and prolonged action that is required.

Just as Canada needs to harmonize its internal protection and assistance policies, so it needs also to develop clear policies towards the assistance and protection of refugees outside Canada. Canada has a political interest as well as a humanitarian duty to ensure that all countries with which it has diplomatic, political and economic relations fulfill their basic obligations towards refugees.

Canadian refugee policy depends on the support of public opinion. Thus, the Canadian government should more actively promote a positive image of the refugee. It should encourage training, education and public information work. Canada would find willing partners in the UNHCR and amongst the non-governmental organizations in response to refugees and these critical needs.

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REFUGEE DOCUMENTATION PROJECT

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