The past will always remain an in-exhaustible source of lessons to improve the future. The Refugees in Canada symposium attempted to educate the general public about the plight of refugees by exploring some critical aspects of Jewish refugee migration. In the process, Refugees in Canada also strived to deal with experiences which could serve as examples or guidelines to other recent refugee communities eager to find in Canada a better place to live. In this respect the present issue attempts to preserve the spirit of the symposium.

Alex Zisman

Opening Remarks

Harry Arthurs, President of York University

I would like to welcome you all to York University and, on behalf of the University, to say that we are very honoured and pleased that this discussion will be going on this week. Amongst the adjectives that people use to describe the Jewish community, at least two recur frequently: one of those is "scholarship" and the other is "a passion for justice". Scholarship is well represented by our distinguished moderator, Howard Adelman, and our two speakers, Michael Marrus and Irving Abella, both of whom have earned important reputations not just within the Jewish community but throughout the entire Canadian and indeed international academic community. They are two leading figures in the writing of contemporary history and we are very pleased to have both of them here this evening.

The other half of my short list of characteristics of the Jewish community, the concern for social justice, I hope will manifest itself as discussions progress over the next few days. When refugees arrive, of course, their first start must necessarily be to establish themselves, to make a new home for themselves, to make a new life for themselves. And at the juncture it seems to me they have two options, either to continue to be preoccupied with their own condition or fate or to reflect upon the experience that they have just gone through and to take out of it some large lessons that may have application for others. I think, historically at least, to the credit of the Jewish community, that it has always adopted the second of those two options. It has tended to translate its own refugee experience into a series of more universal concerns for the fate of people who themselves are experiencing oppression, who have to uproot themselves and translate themselves into a new country and a new life.

The experience of doing that, as the earlier wave of Jewish refugees found, was not always an easy one. Countries that people went to — and this country in particular — were not as open, not as hospitable, not as fair, not as just as they ought to have been if they had even lived up to their own ideals. And this sense of how countries fail to live up to their ideals, and fail to appropriately greet and treat people who have come to live in that country, sensitized the Jewish community, certainly in the early stages of its history here. There was a need to make sure that there was a just society and one which would be welcoming and supportive of other groups as they arrived.

I hope that that second theme will be explored tonight and on subsequent occasions throughout this series, as we learn how the particular gets translated into the universal, and especially how the Jewish experience comes to have real salience for other groups that come a little later in time. I am sure that these will be most interesting speeches and I certainly look forward with you to hearing them.

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